### MA0100161 AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act as amended, (33 U.S.C. §§1251 et seq.; the "CWA"), and the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, as amended, (M.G.L. Chap. 21, §§26-53),

#### **Town of Royalston**

is authorized to discharge from the facility located at

## Royalston Waste Water Treatment Plant 15 Blossom Street South Royalston, MA 01331

to receiving water named

# Millers River (Millers River Watershed MA35)

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

This permit shall become effective on the date of issuance.

This permit and the authorization to discharge expire at midnight, September 30, 2007.

This permit supersedes the permit issued on September 29, 1999, effective on October 29, 1999.

This permit consists of 11 pages in Part I including effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, Attachment A, and 35 pages in Part II including General Conditions and Definitions.

Signed this 15th day of March, 2004

/s/ SIGNATURE ON FILE

Linda M. Murphy, Director Office of Ecosystem Protection Environmental Protection Agency Boston, MA Director
Division of Watershed Management
Department of Environmental Protection
Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Boston, MA

# PART I

A.1. During the period beginning the effective date and lasting through expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall serial number **001**, treated effluent to the Millers River. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored as specified below.

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC	EFFLUENT LIMITS					MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
PARAMETER	AVERAGE MONTHLY	AVERAGE WEEKLY	AVERAGE MONTHLY	AVERAGE WEEKLY	MAXIMUM DAILY	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE <sup>3</sup> TYPE
FLOW	*****	*****	39,000 gpd <sup>2</sup>	*****	Report gpd	Continuous	Recorder
BOD <sub>5</sub> <sup>4</sup>	9.75 lbs/day	14.6 lbs/day	30 mg/l	45 mg/l	Report mg/l <sup>1</sup>	1/Week	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>
TSS <sup>4</sup>	9.75 lbs/day	14.6 lbs/day	30 mg/l	45 mg/l	Report mg/l <sup>1</sup>	1/Week	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>
pH RANGE <sup>1</sup>	6.5 - 8.3 SU See Permit Page 5, Paragraph I.A.1.b.					1/Day	Grab
TOTAL RESIDUAL CHLORINE (April 1 to October 31)	*****	*****	*****	******	1.0 mg/l	1/Day	Grab
FECAL COLIFORM <sup>1,6</sup> (April 1 to October 31)	******	******	200 cfu/ 100 ml	******	400 cfu/ 100 ml	1/Week	Grab

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PARAMETER	AVERAGE MONTHLY	AVERAGE WEEKLY	AVERAGE MONTHLY	AVERAGE WEEKLY	MAXIMUM DAILY	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE <sup>3</sup> TYPE
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	******	******	*****	******	Report mg/l	1/QUARTER	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>
AMMONIA NITROGEN	******	******	******	******	Report mg/l	1/QUARTER	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>
NITRITE NITROGEN	******	******	******	******	Report mg/l	1/QUARTER	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>
NITRATE NITROGEN	******	******	******	******	Report mg/l	1/QUARTER	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	Report lbs/day	*****	Report mg/l	******	Report mg/l	1/QUARTER	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>
WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY	Acute $LC_{50} \ge 50\%$ SEE FOOTNOTES 7, 8, & 9					1/YEAR	8-Hour Composite <sup>5</sup>

#### Footnotes:

- 1. Required for State Certification.
- 2. For flow, report maximum and minimum daily rates and total flow for each operating date. This is an annual average limit, which shall be reported as a rolling average. The first value will be calculated using the monthly average flow for the first full month ending after the effective date of the permit and the eleven previous monthly average flows. Each subsequent month's DMR will report the annual average flow that is calculated from that month and the previous 11 months.
- 3. All required effluent samples shall be collected at the v-notch weir at the effluent channel. Any change in sampling locations must be reviewed and approved in writing by EPA and MADEP. All samples shall be tested using the analytical methods found in 40 CFR §136, or alternative methods approved by EPA in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR §136. All samples shall be 8-hour composites unless specified as a grab sample in 40 CFR §136.
- 4. Sampling required for influent and effluent.
- 5. A 8-hour composite sample will consist of at least eight (8) grab samples taken during one working day (e.g., 0700 Monday to 0700 Tuesday).
- 6. Fecal coliform monitoring will be conducted during the period April 1st through October 31st only, to reflect the seasonal chlorination period. This is also a State certification requirement. Fecal coliform discharges shall not exceed a monthly geometric mean of 200 colony forming units (cfu) per 100 ml, nor shall the daily maximum exceed 400 cfu per 100 ml. This monitoring shall be conducted concurrently with the TRC sampling.
- 7. The permittee shall conduct acute toxicity tests each year in the **second week of July**. The permittee shall test the daphnid, Ceriodaphnia dubia, only. The tests must be performed in accordance with test procedures and protocols specified in **Attachment A** of this permit. The results should be **submitted by August 31**.
- 8. The  $LC_{50}$  is the concentration of effluent which causes mortality to 50% of the test organisms. Therefore, a 50% limit means that a sample of 50% effluent (with 50% dilution water) shall cause no more than a 50% mortality rate.
- 9. If toxicity test(s) using receiving water as diluent show the receiving water to be toxic or unreliable, the permittee shall follow procedures outlined in **Attachment A** Section IV., "Dilution Water" in order to obtain permission to use an alternate dilution water.

In lieu of individual approvals for alternate dilution water required in Attachment A, EPA-New England has developed a Self-Implementing Alternative Dilution Water Guidance document (called "Guidance Document") which may be used to obtain automatic approval of an alternate dilution water, including the appropriate species for use with that water. If this Guidance document is revoked, the permittee shall revert to obtaining approval as outlined in Attachment A. The "Guidance" is included in Attachment G of the NPDES Permit Program Instructions for the Discharge Monitoring (DMR) Forms, available at ttp://www.epa.gov/region01/compliance/enfdmr.html and is not intended as a direct attachment to this permit. Any modification or revocation to this "Guidance Document" will be transmitted to the permittee as part of the annual DMR instruction package. However, at any time, the permittee may choose to contact EPA-New England directly using the approach outlined in Attachment A.

#### Part I.A.1.

- a. The discharge shall not cause a violation of the water quality standards of the receiving waters.
- b. The pH of the effluent shall not be less than 6.5 nor greater than 8.3 at any time.
- c. The discharge shall not cause objectionable discoloration of the receiving waters.
- d. The effluent shall contain neither a visible oil sheen, foam, nor floating solids at any time.
- e. The permittee's treatment facility shall maintain a minimum of 85 percent removal of both total suspended solids and biochemical oxygen demand. The percent removal shall be based on monthly average values.
- f. When the effluent discharged for a period of 90 consecutive days exceeds 80 percent of the designed flow, the permittee shall submit to the permitting authorities a projection of loadings up to the time when the design capacity of the treatment facility will be reached, and a program for maintaining satisfactory treatment levels consistent with meeting permit requirements.
- g. The permittee shall minimize the use of chlorine while maintaining adequate bacterial control.
- h. The results of sampling for any parameter above its required frequency must also be reported, if sampled according to EPA approved methods.

- 2. All POTWs must provide adequate notice to the Director of the following:
  - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into that POTW from an indirect discharger in a primary industry category discharging process water; and
  - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
  - c. For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
    - (1) the quantity and quality of effluent introduced into the POTW; and
    - (2) any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.
- 3. Prohibitions Concerning Interference and Pass Through:
  - a. Pollutants introduced into POTW's by a non-domestic source (user) shall not pass through the POTW or interfere with the operation or performance of the works.
  - b. If, within 30 days after notice of an interference or pass through violation has been sent by EPA to the POTW, and to persons or groups who have requested such notice, the POTW fails to commence appropriate enforcement action to correct the violation, EPA may take appropriate enforcement action.

#### 4. Toxics Control

- a. The permittee shall not discharge any pollutant or combination of pollutants in toxic amounts.
- b. Any toxic components of the effluent shall not result in any demonstrable harm to aquatic life or violate any state or federal water quality standard which has been or may be promulgated. Upon promulgation of any such standard, this permit may be revised or amended in accordance with such standards.

#### 5. Numerical Effluent Limitations for Toxicants

EPA or DEP may use the results of the toxicity tests and chemical analyses conducted pursuant to this permit, as well as national water quality criteria developed pursuant to Section 304(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act (CWA), state water quality criteria, and any other appropriate information or data, to develop numerical effluent limitations for any pollutants, including but not limited to those pollutants listed in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 122.

#### **B. UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES**

The permittee is authorized to discharge only in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit and only from the outfall listed in Part I A.1. of this permit. Discharges of wastewater from any other point sources, including sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) are not authorized by this permit and shall be reported in accordance with Section D.1.e. (1) of the General Requirements of this permit (Twenty-four hour reporting).

#### C. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE SEWER SYSTEM

Operation and maintenance of the sewer system shall be in compliance with the General Requirements of Part II and the following terms and conditions:

#### 1. Maintenance Staff

The permittee shall provide an adequate staff to carry out the operation, maintenance, repair, and testing functions required to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

#### 2. Preventative Maintenance Program

The permittee shall maintain an ongoing preventative maintenance program to prevent overflows and bypasses caused by malfunctions or failures of the sewer system infrastructure. The program shall include an inspection program designed to identify all potential and actual unauthorized discharges.

#### 3. Infiltration/Inflow Control Plan

The permittee shall develop and implement a plan to control infiltration and inflow (I/I) to the separate sewer system. The plan shall be submitted to EPA and MA DEP within six months of the effective date of this permit (see page 1 of this permit for the effective date) and shall describe the permittee's program for preventing infiltration/inflow related effluent limit violations, and all unauthorized discharges of wastewater, including overflows and by-passes due to excessive infiltration/inflow.

#### The plan shall include:

- An ongoing program to identify and remove sources of infiltration and inflow. The program shall include the necessary funding level and the source(s) of funding.
- An inflow identification and control program that focuses on the disconnection and redirection of illegal sump pumps and roof down spouts.

Priority should be given to removal of public and private inflow sources that are upstream from, and potentially contribute to, known areas of sewer system backups and/or overflows.

- Identification and prioritization of areas that will provide increased aquifer recharge as the result of reduction/elimination of infiltration and inflow to the system.
- An educational public outreach program for all aspects of I/I control, particularly private inflow.

#### Reporting Requirements:

A summary report of all actions taken to minimize I/I during the previous calendar year shall be submitted to EPA and the MA DEP **annually**, **by the anniversary date of the effective date of this permit**. The summary report shall, at a minimum, include:

- A map and a description of inspection and maintenance activities conducted and corrective actions taken during the previous year.
- Expenditures for any infiltration/inflow related maintenance activities and corrective actions taken during the previous year.
- A map with areas identified for I/I-related investigation/action in the coming year.
- A calculation of the annual average I/I, the maximum month I/I for the reporting year.
- A report of any infiltration/inflow related corrective actions taken as a result of unauthorized discharges reported pursuant to 314 CMR 3.19(20) and reported pursuant to the Unauthorized Discharges section of this permit.

#### 4. Alternate Power Source

In order to maintain compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the permittee shall continue to provide an alternative power source with which to sufficiently operate its treatment works (as defined at 40 CFR §122.2).

#### 5. Chlorination System

Within 3 months of the effective date of the permit, the permittee will submit a schedule and plan for the installation and operation of a flow-paced chlorination system.

#### D. SLUDGE CONDITIONS

- 1. The permittee shall comply with all existing federal and state laws and regulations that apply to sewage sludge use and disposal practices and with the CWA Section 405(d) technical standards.
- 2. The permittee shall comply with the more stringent of either the state or federal (40 CFR Part 503) requirements.
- 3. The requirements and technical standards of 40 CFR Part 503 apply to facilities which perform one or more of the following use or disposal practices:
  - a. Land application the use of sewage sludge to condition or fertilize the soil
  - b. Surface disposal the placement of sewage sludge in a sludge-only landfill
  - c. Sewage sludge incineration in a sludge-only incinerator
- 4. The 40 CFR Part 503 conditions do not apply to facilities which place sludge within a municipal solid waste landfill. These conditions also do not apply to facilities which do not dispose of sewage sludge during the life of the permit but rather treat the sludge (e.g., lagoons- reed beds), or are otherwise excluded under 40 CFR 503.6.
- 5. The permittee shall use and comply with the attached compliance guidance document to determine appropriate conditions. Appropriate conditions contain the following elements:
  - General requirements
  - Pollutant limitations
  - Operational Standards (pathogen reduction requirements and vector attraction reduction requirements)
  - Management practices
  - Record keeping
  - Monitoring
  - Reporting

Depending upon the quality of material produced by a facility, all conditions may not apply to the facility.

6. The permittee shall monitor the pollutant concentrations, pathogen reduction and vector attraction reduction at the following frequency. This frequency is based upon the volume of sewage sludge generated at the facility in dry metric tons per year:

- 7. The permittee shall sample the sewage sludge using the procedures detailed in 40 CFR 503.8.
- 8. The permittee shall submit an annual report containing the information specified in the guidance **by February 19**. Reports shall be submitted to the address contained in the reporting section of the permit. Sludge monitoring is not required by the permittee when the permittee is not responsible for the ultimate sludge disposal. The permittee must be assured that any third party contractor is in compliance with appropriate regulatory requirements. In such case, the permittee is required only to submit an annual report by February 19 containing the following information:
  - Name and address of contractor responsible for sludge disposal
  - Quantity of sludge in dry metric tons removed from the facility by the sludge contractor

#### E. MONITORING AND REPORTING

# 1. Reporting

Monitoring results obtained during each calendar month shall be summarized and reported on Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) postmarked no later than the **15th day** of the following month.

Signed and dated originals of these, and all other reports required herein, shall be submitted to the Director and the State at the following addresses:

Environmental Protection Agency Water Technical Unit (SEW) P.O. Box 8127 Boston, Massachusetts 02114 The State Agency is:

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Resource Protection
Central Regional Office
627 Main Street
Worcester, MA 01608

Signed and dated Discharge Monitoring Report Forms and toxicity test reports required by this permit shall also be submitted to the State at:

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Division of Watershed Management Surface Water Discharge Permit Program 627 Main Street, 2nd Floor Worcester, Massachusetts 01608

#### F. STATE PERMIT CONDITIONS

This discharge permit is issued jointly by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) under federal and state law, respectively. As such, all the terms and conditions of this permit are hereby incorporated into and constitute a discharge permit issued by the Commissioner of the MA DEP pursuant to M.G.L. Chap. 21, §43.

Each agency shall have the independent right to enforce the terms and conditions of this permit. Any modification, suspension or revocation of this permit shall be effective only with respect to the agency taking such action, and shall not affect the validity or status of this permit as issued by the other agency, unless and until each agency has concurred in writing with such modification, suspension or revocation. In the event any portion of this permit is declared, invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of state law such permit shall remain in full force and effect under federal law as an NPDES permit issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. In the event this permit is declared invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of federal law, this permit shall remain in full force and effect under state law as a permit issued by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

# Attachment B Royalston WWTP (MA0100161) Summary of NPDES Reporting Dates

Permit Page	Requirement and Dates	Submit to:
3	Whole Effluent Toxicity Tests results are conducted the second week in July and due <b>August 31</b> of each year	EPA/DEP
7	The permittee shall develop and implement a plan to control infiltration and inflow (I/I) to the separate sewer system. This plan shall be submitted to EPA and MA DEP within six months of the effective date of the permit.	EPA/DEP
8	A summary report of all actions taken to minimize I/I during the previous calendar year shall be submitted to EPA and MA DEP annually, by the anniversary date of the effective date of this permit.	EPA/ DEP
8	The permittee shall develop and implement a plan to install and operate a flow-paced disinfection system. The plan shall be submitted to EPA and MA DEP within three months of the effective date of the permit.	EPA/DEP
9	The permittee shall submit an annual report containing information specified in the sludge guidance on or before <b>February 19.</b>	EPA/ DEP
10	Monitoring results obtained during the previous month shall be submitted for each month and reported on separate Discharge Monitoring Reports postmarked no later than the 15 <sup>th</sup> day of the month following the effective date of the permit	EPA/ DEP